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# **Faculty Recital**

Esther Archer Chapman University

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#### presents

## a faculty recital

# Esther Archer, pianist

Mazeppa.Presto

Franz Liszt

Piano Sonata No. 20 in A Franz Schubert
Allegro
Andantino
Scherzo. Allegro vivace
Rondo. Allegretto

interm ission

Piano Sonata No. 2
in B flat minor Frédéric Chopin
Grave-Doppio movimento
Scherzo
Marche funèbre.Lento
Finale.Presto

September 17, 1999 8:00 p.m. Salmon Hall



Franz Liszt (1811-1886)

"M a z e p p a" from 12 Transcendental Studies by Franz Liszt takes the same title as the famous ballad by Liszt's contemporary and friend, Victor Hugo. The etude, interpretively and harmonically, is thoroughly straightforward, following the progression of Hugo's poem (from Les Orientales) from beginning to end. Brilliantly effective but hardly subtle, Liszt's music is the wild ride of our hero, Ivan Mazeppa, bound to a wild horse as punishment for an indiscrete transgression. The mad galop ends badly for the horse, but Mazeppa is rescued by the Cossacks, and eventually becomes their king.

### Victor Hugo's Mazeppa II

Thus when a mortal on whom his God is outpoured indeed, is bound on thy fateful croupe. O genius, fiery steed. He struggles in vain; with a bound, untouched of his hand or

The struggles in vain: with a bound, unfourned of his hand or heel.

From the real thou bearest him forth, whose gates burst and

From the real thou bearest him forth, whose gates burst and break as they feel

Thy feet, feet of steel.

Thou clearest he deserts with him, and the hoary tops of the proud

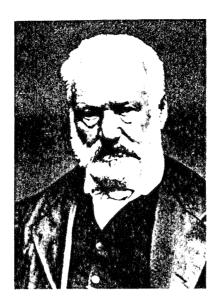
Old hills of strength, crossest seas, and beyond the depths of cloud

Where darkness heavily lies: and, awakened by thy footsteps' sound.

A thousand spirits impure in their legion close press round Thy traveller bound.

In one flight on thy wings of flame he reaches and sees the whole

Wide fields of the possible there stretched out, and all the realms of the soul:



## Victor Hugo (1802-1885)

He drinks from the river eternal; in storm-night or star-night

His locks with the locks of comets commingled, all flaming glow

On the firmament's brow.

The six moons of Herschel he sees; the rings of old Saturn

And the pole that bends round her brow the nightly Aurora fair:

All he sees; the ideal horizon, the limitless world's, in his sight Moveth on till it knoweth no limit, displaced through the darkness and light

By thy untired flight.

And who, saving only the demons and the angels, may know or may dream

What he suffers in following thee, or guess the strange lightnings that gleam

On his eyes, and the scorching and burning of many a fiery spark.

And how, in the night, those cold wings shall strike at his brow in the dark

And no one shall mark.

Affrighted he cries, but in vain: relentless, thy flight will not

Thy flight that o'erwhelms him and crushes; exhausted, and

gasping and pale. Each step thou dost take seems to hollow his tomb, and he sinks in affright:

Till the end comes - he runs, and he flies, and he falls - and he rises upright,

A king in his might.



Franz Schubert (1797-1828)

The stately opening of the first movement of Schubert's Sonata No. 20 stylistically reflects that of the chorale. While the work certainly builds with rapid passage-work and intense chromaticism, one is left at the end of the exposition with a feeling of beautiful control rather than any overwhelmed emotional state. The development, departing from the customary sonata style, is a lively exercise of hand-crossings and rings with a slight hint of nationalism. The movement closes with a surprising coda, a delicate echo of the opening statement.

ing statement.

The Andantino opens as a devastatingly sad barcarolle in f sharp minor, moving dramatically to an impassioned, wild outburst epitomizing violent despair before retreating back into it's haunting melancholy. The Scherzo trips along merrily, true to form, and the sonata is then completed with a relaxed, tuneful Rondo, a tribute to Beethoven's Piano Sonata Op. 31 No. 1. Schubert, though perhaps history's most influential composer of the art song, has always been overshadowed by Beethoven's expertise in piano composition. However, Sonata No. 20, the second of three sonatas published after Schubert's death, not only equals Beethoven's mastery of the sonata form, but also, at times, transcends the other's work in it's brilliance and melody.



Frédéric Chopin (1810-1849)

That Chopin's most extensive piano work, Op. 35 in B flat minor, was described by Schumann as 'four of Chopin's maddest children under the same roof and Mendelssohn, 'As music Labhor it' is rather ironic considering Chopin is broadly recognized today as one the greatest composers for the piano. His sonata is admittedly unique, literally written around the funeral march finished two years earlier. The first movement is in a complex and murky variation form, with a dark, unresolved tonality furiously foreshadowing the ultimate death march. The Scherzo is a mad mazurka, complete with massive leaps and characteristic accents, followed by the insistent and dreaded ringing of the funeral bell in the third movement. The finale is a sinister monophonic line, enigmatically finishing the work of Chopin's violent obsession with death. Though conceived of as early as 1845, the sonata did not appear until 1851, two years after Chopin's own death